

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Sep 9, 2026

ULA

RRID:CVCL_1854

Type: Cell Line

Proper Citation

DSMZ Cat# ACC-627, RRID:CVCL_1854

Cell Line Information

URL: https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_1854

Proper Citation: DSMZ Cat# ACC-627, RRID:CVCL_1854

Description: Cell line ULA is a Cancer cell line with a species of origin Homo sapiens (Human)

Sex: Male

Disease: Diffuse large B-cell lymphoma

Defining Citation: [PMID:17487752](#), [PMID:26727417](#)

Category: Cancer cell line

Organism: Homo sapiens (Human)

Name: ULA

Synonyms: Uppsala Lymphoma Ascites-fluid

Cross References: BioSample:SAMN03473508, ChEMBL-Cells:ChEMBL4523525, ChEMBL-Targets:ChEMBL4523556, DSMZ:ACC-627, DSMZCellDive:ACC-627, GEO:GSM1374977, PubChem_Cell_line:CVCL_1854, Wikidata:Q54990721

ID: CVCL_1854

Vendor: DSMZ

Catalog Number: ACC-627

Record Creation Time: 20220427T221655+0000

Record Last Update: 20260905T182651+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for ULA.

No alerts have been found for ULA.

Data and Source Information

Source: [CelloSaurus](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 2 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Enssle JC, et al. (2026) Pathogenesis of diffuse large B cell lymphoma proteogenotypes. Cancer cell, 44(7), 1437.

Bolomsky A, et al. (2024) IRF4 requires ARID1A to establish plasma cell identity in multiple myeloma. Cancer cell, 42(7), 1185.