

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Sep 3, 2026

UM-UC-13

RRID:CVCL_2746

Type: Cell Line

Proper Citation

CancerTools Cat# 160442, RRID:CVCL_2746

Cell Line Information

URL: https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_2746

Proper Citation: CancerTools Cat# 160442, RRID:CVCL_2746

Description: Cell line UM-UC-13 is a Cancer cell line with a species of origin Homo sapiens (Human)

Sex: Male

Disease: Bladder carcinoma

Defining Citation: [PMID:16469639](#), [PMID:18812553](#), [PMID:19375735](#), [PMID:24018021](#), [PMID:25997541](#), [PMID:27270441](#), [PMID:28196595](#), [PMID:29732388](#)

Comments: Part of: UBC-40 urothelial bladder cancer cell line index., Part of: MD Anderson Cell Lines Project., Part of: Cancer Dependency Map project (DepMap) (includes Cancer Cell Line Encyclopedia - CCLE).

Category: Cancer cell line

Organism: Homo sapiens (Human)

Name: UM-UC-13

Synonyms: UMUC13, UC-13, University of Michigan-Urothelial Carcinoma-13

Cross References: CancerTools:160442, Cell_Model_Passport:SIDM01406, Cosmic:846280, Cosmic:1082652, Cosmic:1938708, Cosmic:2037964, Cosmic:2700989, DepMap:ACH-001407, ECACC:08090508, GEO:GSM1574560, Wikidata:Q54990976

ID: CVCL_2746

Vendor: CancerTools

Catalog Number: 160442

Record Creation Time: 20250130T073008+0000

Record Last Update: 20260830T001805+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for UM-UC-13.

No alerts have been found for UM-UC-13.

Data and Source Information

Source: [CelloSaurus](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 4 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Takemoto K, et al. (2025) DGK?? Enhances Tumorigenic Activity in Bladder Cancer Patients With Chronic Kidney Disease. Cancer medicine, 14(5), e70710.

Tasaka R, et al. (2025) KDM6A deficiency promotes 5-aminolevulinic acid-mediated photodynamic therapy resistance in bladder cancer by suppressing ROS accumulation. Urologic oncology.

Hatayama T, et al. (2025) Crucial Contribution of BACH1 to Bladder Cancer Progression via Upregulating Epithelial-Mesenchymal Transition Pathway. Cancer science.

Lee S, et al. (2024) Loss of LPAR6 and CAB39L dysregulates the basal-to-luminal urothelial differentiation program, contributing to bladder carcinogenesis. Cell reports, 43(5), 114146.