# Resource Summary Report

Generated by RRID on Sep 9, 2026

## SU-DHL-9

RRID:CVCL_4379
Type: Cell Line

### Proper Citation

RRID:CVCL_4379

### Cell Line Information

**URL:** https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_4379

**Proper Citation:** RRID:CVCL_4379

**Description:** Cell line SU-DHL-9 is a Cancer cell line with a species of origin Homo sapiens (Human)

**Sex:** Male

**Disease:** Diffuse large B-cell lymphoma germinal center B-cell type

**Defining Citation:** PMID:83902, PMID:177185, PMID:214220, PMID:371794, PMID:3881165, PMID:8547074, PMID:9738977, PMID:19278952, PMID:23699601

**Comments:** Population: Caucasian., Problematic cell line: Contaminated. Shown to be a SU-DHL-8 derivative (ICLAC). Originally thought to originate from a 64 year old female patient with a diffuse large B-cell lymphoma..

**Category:** Cancer cell line

**Organism:** Homo sapiens (Human)

**Name:** SU-DHL-9

**Synonyms:** SUDHL9, SUDHL-9, SuDHL 9, Stanford University-Diffuse Histiocytic Lymphoma-9, DHL-9, DHL9

**Cross References:** BTO:BTO_0001617, cancercelllines:CVCL_4379, Cosmic:2361382, GEO:GSM380150, Wikidata:Q54970733

**ID:** CVCL_4379

**Hierarchy:** cvcl_2207

**Record Creation Time:** 20220427T221612+0000

**Record Last Update:** 20260905T182515+0000

## Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for SU-DHL-9.

Warning: Problematic cell line: Contaminated. Shown to be a SU-DHL-8 derivative (ICLAC). Originally thought to originate from a 64 year old female patient with a diffuse large B-cell lymphoma.

Registration: International Cell Line Authentication Committee, Register of Misidentified Cell Lines; ICLAC-00558.
Population: Caucasian., Problematic cell line: Contaminated. Shown to be a SU-DHL-8 derivative (ICLAC). Originally thought to originate from a 64 year old female patient with a diffuse large B-cell lymphoma..

## Data and Source Information

**Source:** Cellosaurus

## Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 1 mentions in open access literature.

**Listed below are recent publications.** The full list is available at RRID .

Scheich S, et al. (2023) Targeting N-linked Glycosylation for the Therapy of Aggressive Lymphomas. Cancer discovery, 13(8), 1862.