

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Sep 2, 2026

Walker-256-TC

RRID:CVCL_4984

Type: Cell Line

Proper Citation

RRID:CVCL_4984

Cell Line Information

URL: https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_4984

Proper Citation: RRID:CVCL_4984

Description: Cell line Walker-256-TC is a Cancer cell line with a species of origin Rattus norvegicus (Rat)

Sex: Female

Disease: Adenocarcinoma of the rat mammary gland

Category: Cancer cell line

Organism: Rattus norvegicus (Rat)

Name: Walker-256-TC

Synonyms: Walker256-TC

Cross References: CLO:CLO_0051604, RCB:RCB2909, TKG:TKG 0565, Wikidata:Q54993579

ID: CVCL_4984

Hierarchy: cvcl_3537

Record Creation Time: 20220427T221713+0000

Record Last Update: 20260830T000304+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Walker-256-TC.

No alerts have been found for Walker-256-TC.

Data and Source Information

Source: [CelloSaurus](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 3 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Shellard A, et al. (2025) Frictiotaxis underlies focal adhesion-independent durotaxis. Nature communications, 16(1), 3811.

Fu J, et al. (2023) JAG-1/Notch signaling axis in the spinal cord contributes to bone cancer pain in rats. Journal of neurochemistry, 166(4), 747.

Fu J, et al. (2021) Spinal Nrf2 translocation may inhibit neuronal NF- κ B activation and alleviate allodynia in a rat model of bone cancer pain. Journal of neurochemistry, 158(5), 1110.