

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Sep 8, 2026

QBC939

RRID:CVCL_6942

Type: Cell Line

Proper Citation

ABM Cat# T9189, RRID:CVCL_6942

Cell Line Information

URL: https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_6942

Proper Citation: ABM Cat# T9189, RRID:CVCL_6942

Description: Cell line QBC939 is a Cancer cell line with a species of origin Homo sapiens (Human)

Sex: Male

Disease: Cholangiocarcinoma

Defining Citation: [PMID:20111907](#), [PMID:29913454](#), [PMID:35640676](#)

Comments: Population: Chinese.

Category: Cancer cell line

Organism: Homo sapiens (Human)

Name: QBC939

Synonyms: QBC(939), QBC-939

Cross References: ABM:T9189, Wikidata:Q54948794

ID: CVCL_6942

Vendor: ABM

Catalog Number: T9189

Record Creation Time: 20250423T102138+0000

Record Last Update: 20260905T185130+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for QBC939.

No alerts have been found for QBC939.

Data and Source Information

Source: [CelloSaurus](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 2 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Song F, et al. (2025) Chitosan hydrogel incorporated with bone marrow mesenchymal stem cell-derived exosomal TIMP2 to inhibit angiogenesis in cholangiocarcinoma. Tissue & cell, 93, 102694.

Hao X, et al. (2021) STK39 enhances the progression of Cholangiocarcinoma via PI3K/AKT pathway. iScience, 24(11), 103223.