

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Sep 6, 2026

GM02767

RRID:CVCL_V469

Type: Cell Line

Proper Citation

RRID:CVCL_V469

Cell Line Information

URL: https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_V469

Proper Citation: RRID:CVCL_V469

Description: Cell line GM02767 is a Finite cell line with a species of origin Homo sapiens (Human)

Sex: Female

Disease: Down syndrome

Defining Citation: [PMID:291901](#), [PMID:6661932](#), [PMID:7299037](#), [PMID:8643543](#), [PMID:17668376](#), [PMID:19727395](#)

Category: Finite cell line

Organism: Homo sapiens (Human)

Name: GM02767

Synonyms: GM-2767, GM 2767, GM2767, GM02767C, GM 2767C

Cross References: CLO:CLO_0014806, BioSample:SAMN00808092, Coriell:GM02767, GEO:GSM426281, Wikidata:Q54837675

ID: CVCL_V469

Record Creation Time: 20220427T215925+0000

Record Last Update: 20260905T175442+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for GM02767.

No alerts have been found for GM02767.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Cellosaurus](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 2 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Hwang S, et al. (2019) Suppressing Aneuploidy-Associated Phenotypes Improves the Fitness of Trisomy 21 Cells. Cell reports, 29(8), 2473.

Galati DF, et al. (2018) Trisomy 21 Represses Cilia Formation and Function. Developmental cell, 46(5), 641.