

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Sep 7, 2026

HFF

RRID:CVCL_XB54

Type: Cell Line

Proper Citation

RRID:CVCL_XB54

Cell Line Information

URL: https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_XB54

Proper Citation: RRID:CVCL_XB54

Description: Cell line HFF is a Finite cell line with a species of origin Homo sapiens (Human)

Sex: Male

Comments: Miscellaneous: Formerly the CCRID database had an entry describing this cell line (3111C0001CCC000036). It was the sole source of information for this entry.

Category: Finite cell line

Organism: Homo sapiens (Human)

Name: HFF

Synonyms: Human Foreskin Fibroblast

Cross References: Wikidata:Q94113639

ID: CVCL_XB54

Record Creation Time: 20220427T220341+0000

Record Last Update: 20260905T180302+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for HFF.

No alerts have been found for HFF.

Data and Source Information

Source: [CelloSaurus](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 6 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Zhou Y, et al. (2026) Distinct Regulation of the ARF and TAp73 Tumor Suppressor Genes by the Transcription Factor E2F1 Enables Discrimination of Cancer Cells from Normal Growing Cells. *Cells*, 15(1).

Zhou Y, et al. (2026) Murine Embryonic Stem Cells Possess Distinct E2F Activity That Activates Tumor Suppressor Promoter Elements. *Genes to cells : devoted to molecular & cellular mechanisms*, 31(3), e70121.

Großkopf AK, et al. (2025) Eph receptor tyrosine kinases are functional entry receptors for murine gammaherpesvirus 68. *PLoS pathogens*, 21(10), e1013263.

Kwon H, et al. (2024) Human CKAP2L shows a cell cycle-dependent expression pattern and exhibits microtubule-stabilizing properties. *FEBS open bio*, 14(9), 1526.

Fisch D, et al. (2021) HRMAN 2.0: Next-generation artificial intelligence-driven analysis for broad host-pathogen interactions. *Cellular microbiology*, 23(7), e13349.

Fisch D, et al. (2020) Human GBP1 Differentially Targets Salmonella and Toxoplasma to License Recognition of Microbial Ligands and Caspase-Mediated Death. *Cell reports*, 32(6), 108008.