

# Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Sep 8, 2026

## NH50217

RRID:CVCL\_YP97

Type: Cell Line

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### Proper Citation

RRID:CVCL\_YP97

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### Cell Line Information

**URL:** [https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL\\_YP97](https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_YP97)

**Proper Citation:** RRID:CVCL\_YP97

**Description:** Cell line NH50217 is a Induced pluripotent stem cell with a species of origin Homo sapiens (Human)

**Sex:** Female

**Disease:** Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis 10, with or without frontotemporal dementia

**Comments:** Population: Caucasian; Italian.

**Category:** Induced pluripotent stem cell

**Organism:** Homo sapiens (Human)

**Name:** NH50217

**Cross References:** NHCDR:NH50217, Wikidata:Q98127666

**ID:** CVCL\_YP97

**Hierarchy:** cvcl\_ez64

**Record Creation Time:** 20220427T221339+0000

**Record Last Update:** 20260905T181917+0000

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### Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for NH50217.

No alerts have been found for NH50217.

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## Data and Source Information

**Source:** [CelloSaurus](#)

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## Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 1 mentions in open access literature.

**Listed below are recent publications.** The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Zheng Z, et al. (2026) Targeting PGAM5-driven mitochondrial integrated stress response slows ALS progression across subtypes. Neuron, 114(12), 2109.