

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Aug 30, 2026

SNU-1079

RRID:CVCL_5008

Type: Cell Line

Proper Citation

RRID:CVCL_5008

Cell Line Information

URL: https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_5008

Proper Citation: RRID:CVCL_5008

Description: Cell line SNU-1079 is a Cancer cell line with a species of origin Homo sapiens (Human)

Sex: Male

Disease: Intrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma

Defining Citation: [PMID:12107841](#), [PMID:19956504](#), [PMID:22460905](#), [PMID:26589293](#), [PMID:27231123](#), [PMID:30894373](#), [PMID:31068700](#), [PMID:31395879](#), [PMID:31978347](#), [PMID:35640676](#), [PMID:39026794](#)

Comments: Population: Korean., Part of: TCGA-110-CL cell line panel., Part of: Seoul National University (SNU) cell line collection., Part of: Cancer Dependency Map project (DepMap) (includes Cancer Cell Line Encyclopedia - CCLE)., Part of: Biliary tract cancer cell line atlas.

Category: Cancer cell line

Organism: Homo sapiens (Human)

Name: SNU-1079

Synonyms: SNU1079, SNU 1079, NCI-SNU-1079

Cross References: ArrayExpress:E-MTAB-2770, BioSample:SAMN10988073, cancercellines:CVCL_5008, Cell_Model_Passport:SIDM00164, Cosmic:738874, Cosmic:2674047, DepMap:ACH-000209, GEO:GSM887605, GEO:GSM888688, IARC_TP53:30158, KCLB:01079, LiGeA:CCLE_763, Pharmacodb:SNU1079_1439_2019, Progenetix:CVCL_5008, Wikidata:Q54955096

ID: CVCL_5008

Record Creation Time: 20220427T221551+0000

Record Last Update: 20260829T235946+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for SNU-1079.

No alerts have been found for SNU-1079.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Cellosaurus](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 3 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Liu CT, et al. (2026) Mutant Isocitrate Dehydrogenase 1 Sensitizes Intrahepatic Cholangiocarcinoma Cells to MDM2 Inhibitors. Cancer research communications, 6(3), 616.

Tedeschi A, et al. (2025) Pan-KRAS Inhibitors BI-2493 and BI-2865 Display Potent Antitumor Activity in Tumors with KRAS Wild-type Allele Amplification. Molecular cancer therapeutics, 24(4), 550.

Yun H, et al. (2024) Degradation of AZGP1 suppresses apoptosis and facilitates cholangiocarcinoma tumorigenesis via TRIM25. Journal of cellular and molecular medicine, 28(3), e18104.