

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Sep 3, 2026

WE-68

RRID:CVCL_9717

Type: Cell Line

Proper Citation

RRID:CVCL_9717

Cell Line Information

URL: https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_9717

Proper Citation: RRID:CVCL_9717

Description: Cell line WE-68 is a Cancer cell line with a species of origin Homo sapiens (Human)

Sex: Female

Disease: Ewing sarcoma

Defining Citation: [PMID:1320624](#), [PMID:8335680](#), [PMID:8378080](#), [PMID:15150091](#), [PMID:19787792](#), [PMID:21822310](#), [PMID:26428435](#), [PMID:30879952](#)

Category: Cancer cell line

Organism: Homo sapiens (Human)

Name: WE-68

Synonyms: WE 68, WE68

Cross References: EFO:EFO_0002872, cancercellines:CVCL_9717, GEO:GSM510016, IARC_TP53:23651, Progenetix:CVCL_9717, Wikidata:Q54993696

ID: CVCL_9717

Record Creation Time: 20220427T221714+0000

Record Last Update: 20260830T000307+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for WE-68.

No alerts have been found for WE-68.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Cellosaurus](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 3 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Clausen J, et al. (2026) Autophagy impairs the sensitivity of Ewing sarcoma cells to PARP inhibitors. Cancer chemotherapy and pharmacology, 96(1).

Ziener J, et al. (2025) Combined inhibition of ribonucleotide reductase and WEE1 induces synergistic anticancer activity in Ewing's sarcoma cells. BMC cancer, 25(1), 277.

Sturm MJ, et al. (2023) Synergistic anticancer activity of combined ATR and ribonucleotide reductase inhibition in Ewing's sarcoma cells. Journal of cancer research and clinical oncology.