

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Sep 9, 2026

[ND10689](#)

RRID:CVCL_BE81

Type: Cell Line

Proper Citation

RRID:CVCL_BE81

Cell Line Information

URL: https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_BE81

Proper Citation: RRID:CVCL_BE81

Description: Cell line ND10689 is a Transformed cell line with a species of origin Homo sapiens (Human)

Sex: Female

Disease: Frontotemporal dementia and/or amyotrophic lateral sclerosis 1

Defining Citation: [PMID:22815561](#)

Category: Transformed cell line

Organism: Homo sapiens (Human)

Name: ND10689

Cross References: CLO:CLO_0035038, Coriell:ND10689, Wikidata:Q54923350

ID: CVCL_BE81

Record Creation Time: 20220427T221103+0000

Record Last Update: 20260905T181604+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for ND10689.

No alerts have been found for ND10689.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Cellosaurus](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 3 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Maor-Nof M, et al. (2021) p53 is a central regulator driving neurodegeneration caused by C9orf72 poly(PR). Cell, 184(3), 689.

Sonobe Y, et al. (2021) A C. elegans model of C9orf72-associated ALS/FTD uncovers a conserved role for eIF2D in RAN translation. Nature communications, 12(1), 6025.

Ortega JA, et al. (2020) Nucleocytoplasmic Proteomic Analysis Uncovers eRF1 and Nonsense-Mediated Decay as Modifiers of ALS/FTD C9orf72 Toxicity. Neuron, 106(1), 90.