

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Sep 9, 2026

TALS9-11.2

RRID:CVCL_FA04

Type: Cell Line

Proper Citation

RRID:CVCL_FA04

Cell Line Information

URL: https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_FA04

Proper Citation: RRID:CVCL_FA04

Description: Cell line TALS9-11.2 is a Induced pluripotent stem cell with a species of origin Homo sapiens (Human)

Sex: Female

Disease: Frontotemporal dementia and/or amyotrophic lateral sclerosis 1

Comments: Donor information: At sampling donor was not affected with amyotrophic lateral sclerosis but at risk for disease (mutation in C9orf72)., Population: Caucasian., From: Target ALS Foundation; New York; USA.

Category: Induced pluripotent stem cell

Organism: Homo sapiens (Human)

Name: TALS9-11.2

Synonyms: ND50008

Cross References: NHCDR:ND50008, SKIP:SKIP001611, Wikidata:Q54971698

ID: CVCL_FA04

Record Creation Time: 20220427T221619+0000

Record Last Update: 20260905T182533+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for TALS9-11.2.

No alerts have been found for TALS9-11.2.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Cellosaurus](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 2 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Sonobe Y, et al. (2021) A C. elegans model of C9orf72-associated ALS/FTD uncovers a conserved role for eIF2D in RAN translation. Nature communications, 12(1), 6025.

Ortega JA, et al. (2020) Nucleocytoplasmic Proteomic Analysis Uncovers eRF1 and Nonsense-Mediated Decay as Modifiers of ALS/FTD C9orf72 Toxicity. Neuron, 106(1), 90.