

# Resource Summary Report

Generated by RRID on Sep 8, 2026

## NIH3T3-3

RRID:CVCL\_L992

Type: Cell Line

### Proper Citation

RRID:CVCL\_L992

### Cell Line Information

**URL:** [https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL\\_L992](https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_L992)

**Proper Citation:** RRID:CVCL\_L992

**Description:** Cell line NIH3T3-3 is a Transformed cell line with a species of origin Mus musculus (Mouse)

**Sex:** Male

**Category:** Transformed cell line

**Organism:** Mus musculus (Mouse)

**Name:** NIH3T3-3

**Cross References:** RCB:RCB0150, Wikidata:Q54930592

**ID:** CVCL\_L992

**Hierarchy:** cvcl\_0594

**Record Creation Time:** 20220427T221343+0000

**Record Last Update:** 20260905T181923+0000

### Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for NIH3T3-3.

**Warning:** Discontinued: RCB; RCB0150

### Data and Source Information

Source: [Cellosaurus](#)

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## Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 2 mentions in open access literature.

**Listed below are recent publications.** The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Tsuruta A, et al. (2026) The circadian clock component BMAL1 enhances macrophage inflammation by nuclear translocation of peroxisomal  $\alpha$ -oxidation enzyme MFP2. Cell reports, 45(6), 117480.

Normand L, et al. (2025) Tks5 interactome reveals endoplasmic-reticulum-associated translation machinery in invadosomes. The FEBS journal.