

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Aug 31, 2026

MDA-MB-231 VIM RFP

RRID:CVCL_VR67

Type: Cell Line

Proper Citation

RRID:CVCL_VR67

Cell Line Information

URL: https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_VR67

Proper Citation: RRID:CVCL_VR67

Description: Cell line MDA-MB-231 VIM RFP is a Cancer cell line with a species of origin Homo sapiens (Human)

Sex: Female

Disease: Breast adenocarcinoma

Comments: Characteristics: A red fluorescent protein (RFP) tag was added to the C-terminal of the VIM gene by CRISPR/Cas9. Allows to monitor the epithelial-to-mesenchymal transition (EMT) status of cells in vitro by monitoring RFP expression., Population: Caucasian., Group: Triple negative breast cancer (TNBC) cell line.

Category: Cancer cell line

Organism: Homo sapiens (Human)

Name: MDA-MB-231 VIM RFP

Cross References: ATCC:HTB-26MET, cancercelllines:CVCL_VR67, Wikidata:Q95987359

ID: CVCL_VR67

Hierarchy: cvcl_0062

Record Creation Time: 20220427T220755+0000

Record Last Update: 20260829T234601+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for MDA-MB-231 VIM RFP.

No alerts have been found for MDA-MB-231 VIM RFP.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Cellosaurus](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 2 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Miller RA, et al. (2022) Anti-CD73 antibody activates human B cells, enhances humoral responses and induces redistribution of B cells in patients with cancer. Journal for immunotherapy of cancer, 10(12).

List EO, et al. (2020) The Effects of 20-kDa Human Placental GH in Male and Female GH-deficient Mice: An Improved Human GH? Endocrinology, 161(8).