

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Sep 9, 2026

Anti-Glial Fibrillary Acidic Protein (GFAP) Mouse mAb (G-A-5)

RRID:AB_10681761

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

Millipore Cat# IF03L-100UG, RRID:AB_10681761

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_10681761

Proper Citation: Millipore Cat# IF03L-100UG, RRID:AB_10681761

Target Antigen: Glial Fibrillary Acidic Protein (GFAP) Mouse mAb (G-A-5)

Host Organism: mouse

Clonality: monoclonal

Comments: seller recommendations: IgG1; IgG1 Western Blot; Immunoprecipitation; Immunofluorescence; Immunohistochemistry; IH, WB, IF, IP, IH(P)

Antibody Name: Anti-Glial Fibrillary Acidic Protein (GFAP) Mouse mAb (G-A-5)

Description: This monoclonal targets Glial Fibrillary Acidic Protein (GFAP) Mouse mAb (G-A-5)

Target Organism: ch, porcine, h, r, chickenbird, po

Antibody ID: AB_10681761

Vendor: Millipore

Catalog Number: IF03L-100UG

Record Creation Time: 20231110T081709+0000

Record Last Update: 20260829T121345+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Anti-Glial Fibrillary Acidic Protein (GFAP) Mouse mAb (G-A-5).

No alerts have been found for Anti-Glial Fibrillary Acidic Protein (GFAP) Mouse mAb (G-A-5).

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 2 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Wu M, et al. (2020) Wnt signaling contributes to withdrawal symptoms from opioid receptor activation induced by morphine exposure or chronic inflammation. Pain, 161(3), 532.

Liu H, et al. (2019) Involvement of d-amino acid oxidase in cerebral ischaemia induced by transient occlusion of the middle cerebral artery in mice. British journal of pharmacology, 176(17), 3336.