

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Sep 10, 2026

alpha Smooth Muscle Actin antibody

RRID:AB_1240408

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

GeneTex Cat# GTX100034, RRID:AB_1240408

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_1240408

Proper Citation: GeneTex Cat# GTX100034, RRID:AB_1240408

Target Antigen: alpha Smooth Muscle Actin

Host Organism: rabbit

Clonality: polyclonal

Comments: Applications: WB, ICC/IF, IHC-P, IHC-Fr

Antibody Name: alpha Smooth Muscle Actin antibody

Description: This polyclonal targets alpha Smooth Muscle Actin

Target Organism: rat, mouse, zebrafish, human

Antibody ID: AB_1240408

Vendor: GeneTex

Catalog Number: GTX100034

Record Creation Time: 20231110T053635+0000

Record Last Update: 20260829T223617+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for alpha Smooth Muscle Actin antibody.

No alerts have been found for alpha Smooth Muscle Actin antibody.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 6 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Hou PS, et al. (2026) Generation of an induced pluripotent stem cell line (KCGMHi001-A) from a patient with CEP85L related posterior predominant lissencephaly (LIS10). Stem cell research, 94, 104004.

Trentini G, et al. (2025) Generation of a human induced pluripotent stem cell line (CIBIOi007-A) from a Lafora disease patient. Stem cell research, 87, 103792.

Tsui WNT, et al. (2025) Dual Targeting of Orphan Nuclear Receptors NR4A1 and NR4A2 for Nonhormonal Endometriosis Therapy. Endocrinology, 166(11).

Lan MY, et al. (2025) Generation of an induced pluripotent stem cell line (KCGMHi003-A) from a patient with spinocerebellar ataxia type 8 (SCA8). Stem cell research, 90, 103879.

Zhang L, et al. (2023) Flavonoids Quercetin and Kaempferol Are NR4A1 Antagonists and Suppress Endometriosis in Female Mice. Endocrinology, 164(10).

Ballesteros-Martínez C, et al. (2022) Microsomal prostaglandin E synthase-1 is involved in the metabolic and cardiovascular alterations associated with obesity. British journal of pharmacology, 179(11), 2733.