

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Aug 4, 2026

Ferritin Heavy Chain antibody [EPR3005Y]

RRID:AB_1310223

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

Abcam Cat# ab75972, RRID:AB_1310223

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_1310223

Proper Citation: Abcam Cat# ab75972, RRID:AB_1310223

Target Antigen: Human Ferritin Heavy Chain

Host Organism: rabbit

Clonality: monoclonal

Comments: validation status unknown, seller recommendations provided in 2012: Immunohistochemistry; Western Blot; Immunohistochemistry-P, Western Blot

Antibody Name: Ferritin Heavy Chain antibody [EPR3005Y]

Description: This monoclonal targets Human Ferritin Heavy Chain

Target Organism: human

Clone ID: Clone EPR3005Y

Antibody ID: AB_1310223

Vendor: Abcam

Catalog Number: ab75972

Record Creation Time: 20250820T061941+0000

Record Last Update: 20250820T234843+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Ferritin Heavy Chain antibody [EPR3005Y].

No alerts have been found for Ferritin Heavy Chain antibody [EPR3005Y].

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 5 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Tong W, et al. (2023) Sensitive magnetic particle imaging of haemoglobin degradation for the detection and monitoring of intraplaque haemorrhage in atherosclerosis. EBioMedicine, 90, 104509.

Yue F, et al. (2023) Metformin alleviates hepatic iron overload and ferroptosis through AMPK-ferroportin pathway in HFD-induced NAFLD. iScience, 26(12), 108560.

Wang ZX, et al. (2021) Quercetin induces p53-independent cancer cell death through lysosome activation by the transcription factor EB and Reactive Oxygen Species-dependent ferroptosis. British journal of pharmacology, 178(5), 1133.

Hendricks MR, et al. (2021) Extracellular vesicles promote transkingdom nutrient transfer during viral-bacterial co-infection. Cell reports, 34(4), 108672.

Schoenfeld JD, et al. (2017) O₂^{•-}- and H₂O₂-Mediated Disruption of Fe Metabolism Causes the Differential Susceptibility of NSCLC and GBM Cancer Cells to Pharmacological Ascorbate. Cancer cell, 31(4), 487.