

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Aug 1, 2026

Anti-C3orf63 antibody produced in rabbit

RRID:AB_1852384

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

Sigma-Aldrich Cat# HPA006735, RRID:AB_1852384

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_1852384

Proper Citation: Sigma-Aldrich Cat# HPA006735, RRID:AB_1852384

Target Antigen: C3orf63 antibody produced in rabbit

Host Organism: rabbit

Clonality: polyclonal

Comments: Vendor recommendations: Immunofluorescence; immunohistochemistry (formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded sections): suitable, protein array: suitable, immunoblotting: suitable; Immunohistochemistry; Other; Western Blot

Antibody Name: Anti-C3orf63 antibody produced in rabbit

Description: This polyclonal targets C3orf63 antibody produced in rabbit

Target Organism: human

Antibody ID: AB_1852384

Vendor: Sigma-Aldrich

Catalog Number: HPA006735

Record Creation Time: 20250820T055815+0000

Record Last Update: 20250820T225744+0000

Ratings and Alerts

- Antibody validation available from The Human Protein Atlas - Human Protein Atlas <https://www.proteinatlas.org/search/HPA006735>

No alerts have been found for Anti-C3orf63 antibody produced in rabbit.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 5 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Tatarakis A, et al. (2025) Requirements for establishment and epigenetic stability of mammalian heterochromatin. Molecular cell, 85(18), 3388.

Danac JMC, et al. (2024) Competition between two HUSH complexes orchestrates the immune response to retroelement invasion. Molecular cell, 84(15), 2870.

Douse CH, et al. (2020) TASOR is a pseudo-PARP that directs HUSH complex assembly and epigenetic transposon control. Nature communications, 11(1), 4940.

Greenwood EJD, et al. (2019) Promiscuous Targeting of Cellular Proteins by Vpr Drives Systems-Level Proteomic Remodeling in HIV-1 Infection. Cell reports, 27(5), 1579.

Blaschke K, et al. (2013) Vitamin C induces Tet-dependent DNA demethylation and a blastocyst-like state in ES cells. Nature, 500(7461), 222.