

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Sep 11, 2026

Anti-POSTN antibody produced in rabbit

RRID:AB_1854827

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

Sigma-Aldrich Cat# HPA012306, RRID:AB_1854827

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_1854827

Proper Citation: Sigma-Aldrich Cat# HPA012306, RRID:AB_1854827

Target Antigen: Human POSTN

Host Organism: rabbit

Clonality: unknown

Comments: Vendor recommendations: Immunohistochemistry; Other; Immunohistochemistry (formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded sections), Protein Array
Info: Independent validation by the NYU Lagone was performed for: IHC. This antibody was found to have the following characteristics: Functional in human:TRUE, NonFunctional in human:FALSE, Functional in animal:TRUE, NonFunctional in animal:FALSE

Antibody Name: Anti-POSTN antibody produced in rabbit

Description: This unknown targets Human POSTN

Target Organism: human

Antibody ID: AB_1854827

Vendor: Sigma-Aldrich

Catalog Number: HPA012306

Record Creation Time: 20231110T051709+0000

Record Last Update: 20260829T222348+0000

Ratings and Alerts

- Antibody validation available from The Human Protein Atlas - Human Protein Atlas <https://www.proteinatlas.org/search/HPA012306>

No alerts have been found for Anti-POSTN antibody produced in rabbit.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 3 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Banerjee S, et al. (2022) Human Myometrial and Uterine Fibroid Stem Cell-Derived Organoids for Intervening the Pathophysiology of Uterine Fibroid. Reproductive sciences (Thousand Oaks, Calif.), 29(9), 2607.

Lecker LSM, et al. (2021) TGFBI Production by Macrophages Contributes to an Immunosuppressive Microenvironment in Ovarian Cancer. Cancer research, 81(22), 5706.

Jamaluddin MFB, et al. (2018) Proteomic Profiling of Human Uterine Fibroids Reveals Upregulation of the Extracellular Matrix Protein Periostin. Endocrinology, 159(2), 1106.