

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Jul 29, 2026

Rabbit Anti-GAPDH Monoclonal Antibody, Alexa Fluor?? 555 Conjugated, Clone 14C10

RRID:AB_1903993

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

Cell Signaling Technology Cat# 3964, RRID:AB_1903993

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_1903993

Proper Citation: Cell Signaling Technology Cat# 3964, RRID:AB_1903993

Target Antigen: GAPDH

Host Organism: rabbit

Clonality: monoclonal

Comments: manufacturer recommendations: Immunocytochemistry; Immunofluorescence; Immunofluorescence-Immunocytochemistry; The following antibodies were determined to be duplicates and consolidated by curator on 10/2018: AB_10695005, AB_1903993.

Antibody Name: Rabbit Anti-GAPDH Monoclonal Antibody, Alexa Fluor?? 555 Conjugated, Clone 14C10

Description: This monoclonal targets GAPDH

Target Organism: monkey, rat, simian, mouse, human

Clone ID: Clone 14C10

Antibody ID: AB_1903993

Vendor: Cell Signaling Technology

Catalog Number: 3964

Record Creation Time: 20250819T205238+0000

Record Last Update: 20250819T210656+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Rabbit Anti-GAPDH Monoclonal Antibody, Alexa Fluor?? 555 Conjugated, Clone 14C10.

No alerts have been found for Rabbit Anti-GAPDH Monoclonal Antibody, Alexa Fluor?? 555 Conjugated, Clone 14C10.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 3 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Kim CW, et al. (2025) Gut dysbiosis from high-salt diet promotes glioma via propionate-mediated TGF-?? activation. The Journal of experimental medicine, 222(8).

Hayashi-Takanaka Y, et al. (2025) Proteasome-dependent Orc6 removal from chromatin upon S-phase entry safeguards against minichromosome maintenance complex reloading and tetraploidy. Journal of cell science, 138(13).

Ehring K, et al. (2024) Two-way Dispatched function in Sonic hedgehog shedding and transfer to high-density lipoproteins. eLife, 12.