

# Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Aug 3, 2026

## Rabbit Anti-N-cadherin, C Terminus Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated, Clone EPR1792Y

RRID:AB\_1977064

Type: Antibody

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### Proper Citation

Millipore Cat# 04-1126, RRID:AB\_1977064

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### Antibody Information

**URL:** [http://antibodyregistry.org/AB\\_1977064](http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_1977064)

**Proper Citation:** Millipore Cat# 04-1126, RRID:AB\_1977064

**Target Antigen:** N-cadherin, C Terminus

**Host Organism:** rabbit

**Clonality:** monoclonal

**Comments:** seller recommendations: Flow Cytometry; Immunocytochemistry; Immunohistochemistry; Immunoprecipitation; Western Blot; Western Blotting, Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin), Immunocytochemistry, Immunoprecipitation, Flow Cytometry

**Antibody Name:** Rabbit Anti-N-cadherin, C Terminus Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated, Clone EPR1792Y

**Description:** This monoclonal targets N-cadherin, C Terminus

**Target Organism:** rat, mouse, human

**Clone ID:** Clone EPR1792Y

**Antibody ID:** AB\_1977064

**Vendor:** Millipore

**Catalog Number:** 04-1126

**Record Creation Time:** 20250820T031759+0000

**Record Last Update:** 20250820T155247+0000

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## Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Rabbit Anti-N-cadherin, C Terminus Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated, Clone EPR1792Y.

No alerts have been found for Rabbit Anti-N-cadherin, C Terminus Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated, Clone EPR1792Y.

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## Data and Source Information

**Source:** [Antibody Registry](#)

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## Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 3 mentions in open access literature.

**Listed below are recent publications.** The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Abdel-Ghani M, et al. (2023) Plk2 promotes synaptic destabilization through disruption of N-cadherin adhesion complexes during homeostatic adaptation to hyperexcitation. Journal of neurochemistry, 167(3), 362.

Joutsen J, et al. (2020) Heat Shock Factor 2 Protects against Proteotoxicity by Maintaining Cell-Cell Adhesion. Cell reports, 30(2), 583.

Davies AJ, et al. (2019) Natural Killer Cells Degenerate Intact Sensory Afferents following Nerve Injury. Cell, 176(4), 716.