

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Jul 8, 2024

Goat anti-Syrian Hamster IgG (H+L) Cross-Adsorbed Secondary Antibody, Alexa Fluor™ 647

RRID:AB_2535868

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

(Thermo Fisher Scientific Cat# A-21451, RRID:AB_2535868)

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_2535868

Proper Citation: (Thermo Fisher Scientific Cat# A-21451, RRID:AB_2535868)

Target Antigen: Syrian Hamster IgG (H+L)

Host Organism: goat

Clonality: polyclonal secondary

Comments: Applications: WB (1:3,000-1:5,000), IHC (1-10 µg/mL), ICC/IF (1-10 µg/mL)

Antibody Name: Goat anti-Syrian Hamster IgG (H+L) Cross-Adsorbed Secondary Antibody, Alexa Fluor™ 647

Description: This polyclonal secondary targets Syrian Hamster IgG (H+L)

Target Organism: hamster

Defining Citation: [PMID:12477729](#), [PMID:20207821](#), [PMID:19075287](#), [PMID:22427513](#)

Antibody ID: AB_2535868

Vendor: Thermo Fisher Scientific

Catalog Number: A-21451

Record Creation Time: 20231110T035509+0000

Record Last Update: 20240530T224140+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Goat anti-Syrian Hamster IgG (H+L) Cross-Adsorbed Secondary Antibody, Alexa Fluor™ 647.

No alerts have been found for Goat anti-Syrian Hamster IgG (H+L) Cross-Adsorbed Secondary Antibody, Alexa Fluor™ 647.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 17 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#).

Carraro C, et al. (2023) Chromatin accessibility profiling of targeted cell populations with laser capture microdissection coupled to ATAC-seq. *Cell reports methods*, 3(10), 100598.

Meiser P, et al. (2023) A distinct stimulatory cDC1 subpopulation amplifies CD8+ T cell responses in tumors for protective anti-cancer immunity. *Cancer cell*, 41(8), 1498.

Wang PH, et al. (2023) Reciprocal transmission of activating and inhibitory signals and cell fate in regenerating T cells. *Cell reports*, 42(10), 113155.

Evans KT, et al. (2023) Microglia promote anti-tumour immunity and suppress breast cancer brain metastasis. *Nature cell biology*, 25(12), 1848.

Rosignol J, et al. (2022) Neuropilin-1 cooperates with PD-1 in CD8+ T cells predicting outcomes in melanoma patients treated with anti-PD1. *iScience*, 25(6), 104353.

Buss LA, et al. (2021) Effects of exercise and anti-PD-1 on the tumour microenvironment. *Immunology letters*, 239, 60.

Abe Y, et al. (2021) Optical manipulation of local cerebral blood flow in the deep brain of freely moving mice. *Cell reports*, 36(4), 109427.

Licht T, et al. (2020) Hippocampal neural stem cells facilitate access from circulation via apical cytoplasmic processes. *eLife*, 9.

Wu H, et al. (2020) Progressive Pulmonary Fibrosis Is Caused by Elevated Mechanical Tension on Alveolar Stem Cells. *Cell*, 180(1), 107.

Choi J, et al. (2020) Inflammatory Signals Induce AT2 Cell-Derived Damage-Associated Transient Progenitors that Mediate Alveolar Regeneration. *Cell stem cell*, 27(3), 366.

Ibrahim A, et al. (2020) Local Mitochondrial ATP Production Regulates Endothelial Fatty Acid Uptake and Transport. *Cell metabolism*, 32(2), 309.

Alexandre YO, et al. (2020) Systemic Inflammation Suppresses Lymphoid Tissue Remodeling and B Cell Immunity during Concomitant Local Infection. *Cell reports*, 33(13), 108567.

Coulombe P, et al. (2019) Endothelial Sash1 Is Required for Lung Maturation through Nitric Oxide Signaling. *Cell reports*, 27(6), 1769.

Zhang J, et al. (2018) In situ administration of cytokine combinations induces tumor regression in mice. *EBioMedicine*, 37, 38.

Yang Y, et al. (2018) Spatial-Temporal Lineage Restrictions of Embryonic p63+ Progenitors Establish Distinct Stem Cell Pools in Adult Airways. *Developmental cell*, 44(6), 752.

Li J, et al. (2018) The Strength of Mechanical Forces Determines the Differentiation of Alveolar Epithelial Cells. *Developmental cell*, 44(3), 297.

Lechner AJ, et al. (2017) Recruited Monocytes and Type 2 Immunity Promote Lung Regeneration following Pneumonectomy. *Cell stem cell*, 21(1), 120.