

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Aug 10, 2026

METTL3 (D2I6O) Rabbit mAb

RRID:AB_2800261

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

Cell Signaling Technology Cat# 96391, RRID:AB_2800261

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_2800261

Proper Citation: Cell Signaling Technology Cat# 96391, RRID:AB_2800261

Target Antigen: METTL3

Host Organism: rabbit

Clonality: monoclonal

Comments: Applications: W, IP

Antibody Name: METTL3 (D2I6O) Rabbit mAb

Description: This monoclonal targets METTL3

Target Organism: h, m, r, mk

Clone ID: Clone D2I6O

Antibody ID: AB_2800261

Vendor: Cell Signaling Technology

Catalog Number: 96391

Record Creation Time: 20250820T004705+0000

Record Last Update: 20250820T091129+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for METTL3 (D2I6O) Rabbit mAb.

No alerts have been found for METTL3 (D2I6O) Rabbit mAb.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 6 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Xiao L, et al. (2024) m6A mRNA methylation in brown fat regulates systemic insulin sensitivity via an inter-organ prostaglandin signaling axis independent of UCP1. *Cell metabolism*, 36(10), 2207.

Li X, et al. (2023) Deficiency of WTAP in islet beta cells results in beta cell failure and diabetes in mice. *Diabetologia*, 66(6), 1084.

Lv S, et al. (2022) Efficient and reversible Cas13d-mediated knockdown with an all-in-one lentivirus-vector. *Frontiers in bioengineering and biotechnology*, 10, 960192.

Cotter KA, et al. (2021) Mapping of m6A and Its Regulatory Targets in Prostate Cancer Reveals a METTL3-Low Induction of Therapy Resistance. *Molecular cancer research : MCR*, 19(8), 1398.

Qiu Z, et al. (2020) MYC Regulation of D2HGDH and L2HGDH Influences the Epigenome and Epitranscriptome. *Cell chemical biology*, 27(5), 538.

Trulley P, et al. (2019) Alternative Translation Initiation Generates a Functionally Distinct Isoform of the Stress-Activated Protein Kinase MK2. *Cell reports*, 27(10), 2859.