

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Aug 3, 2026

Donkey anti-Mouse IgG (H+L) Highly Cross-Adsorbed Secondary Antibody, Alexa Fluor™ Plus 647

RRID:AB_2866494

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

(Thermo Fisher Scientific Cat# A32787TR, RRID:AB_2866494)

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_2866494

Proper Citation: (Thermo Fisher Scientific Cat# A32787TR, RRID:AB_2866494)

Target Antigen: Mouse IgG (H+L)

Host Organism: donkey

Clonality: polyclonal secondary

Comments: Applications: ICC/IF, WB

Antibody Name: Donkey anti-Mouse IgG (H+L) Highly Cross-Adsorbed Secondary Antibody, Alexa Fluor™ Plus 647

Description: This polyclonal secondary targets Mouse IgG (H+L)

Target Organism: mouse

Antibody ID: AB_2866494

Vendor: Thermo Fisher Scientific

Catalog Number: A32787TR

Record Creation Time: 20251216T074435+0000

Record Last Update: 20260225T231820+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Donkey anti-Mouse IgG (H+L) Highly Cross-Adsorbed Secondary Antibody, Alexa Fluor™ Plus 647.

No alerts have been found for Donkey anti-Mouse IgG (H+L) Highly Cross-Adsorbed Secondary Antibody, Alexa Fluor™ Plus 647.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 4 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Mukherjee A, et al. (2026) Membrane potential mediates the cellular response to mechanical pressure. *Cell*, 189(1), 143.

Ibáñez Alcalá RJ, et al. (2025) A modular, adaptable, and accessible implant kit for chronic electrophysiological recordings in rats. *Cell reports methods*, 5(9), 101146.

D'Oliveira Albanus R, et al. (2025) Integrative single-cell multi-omics profiling of human pancreatic islets identifies T1D-associated genes and regulatory signals. *Cell reports*, 44(8), 116065.

Zhang L, et al. (2024) Heterozygous Gnaq deficiency enhances Ifi202b/IFI16 and NF- κ B activation in endothelial cells and exacerbates lupus nephritis pathology. *iScience*, 27(8), 110350.