

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Sep 6, 2026

Anti-N6-methyladenosine (m6A) antibody [17-3-4-1]

RRID:AB_2916290

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

Abcam Cat# ab208577, RRID:AB_2916290

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_2916290

Proper Citation: Abcam Cat# ab208577, RRID:AB_2916290

Target Antigen: m6A

Host Organism: mouse

Clonality: monoclonal

Comments: Applications: Northwestern, IP, Southern Blot

Antibody Name: Anti-N6-methyladenosine (m6A) antibody [17-3-4-1]

Description: This monoclonal targets m6A

Target Organism: mouse, human

Clone ID: 17-3-4-1

Antibody ID: AB_2916290

Vendor: Abcam

Catalog Number: ab208577

Record Creation Time: 20231110T031420+0000

Record Last Update: 20260829T195138+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Anti-N6-methyladenosine (m6A) antibody [17-3-4-1].

No alerts have been found for Anti-N6-methyladenosine (m6A) antibody [17-3-4-1].

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 6 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Cai MY, et al. (2025) Dual regulation of FZD1/7 by IGF2BP3 enhances stem-like properties and carboplatin resistance in triple-negative breast cancer. Cancer letters, 632, 217944.

Zheng Q, et al. (2025) Pannexin-1 Aggravates Inflammatory Bowel Disease via Unbalancing Macrophage Polarisation and Triggering Ferroptosis in Mice. Immunology, 176(1), 116.

Sui H, et al. (2024) LRRC75A-AS1 drives the epithelial-mesenchymal transition in cervical cancer by binding IGF2BP1 and inhibiting SYVN1-mediated NLRP3 ubiquitination. Molecular cancer research : MCR.

Zhu M, et al. (2024) N6-methyladenosine modification of the mRNA for a key gene in purine nucleotide metabolism regulates virus proliferation in an insect vector. Cell reports, 43(2), 113821.

Pan Y, et al. (2023) METTL3 drives NAFLD-related hepatocellular carcinoma and is a therapeutic target for boosting immunotherapy. Cell reports. Medicine, 4(8), 101144.

Zhang J, et al. (2022) TWIK-related acid-sensitive K⁺ channel 2 promotes renal fibrosis by inducing cell-cycle arrest. iScience, 25(12), 105620.