

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Sep 3, 2026

Mouse Anti-HLA G Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated, Clone MEM-G / 1

RRID:AB_306053

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

Abcam Cat# ab7759, RRID:AB_306053

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_306053

Proper Citation: Abcam Cat# ab7759, RRID:AB_306053

Target Antigen: HLA G antibody [MEM-G/1]

Host Organism: mouse

Clonality: monoclonal

Comments: validation status unknown, seller recommendations provided in 2012:
Immunohistochemistry - frozen; Immunohistochemistry; Immunohistochemistry - fixed;
Western Blot; IHC-FoFr, IHC-P, WB

Antibody Name: Mouse Anti-HLA G Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated, Clone MEM-G / 1

Description: This monoclonal targets HLA G antibody [MEM-G/1]

Target Organism: human

Antibody ID: AB_306053

Vendor: Abcam

Catalog Number: ab7759

Record Creation Time: 20231110T042108+0000

Record Last Update: 20260829T103105+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Mouse Anti-HLA G Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated, Clone MEM-G / 1.

No alerts have been found for Mouse Anti-HLA G Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated, Clone MEM-G / 1.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 5 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Yu J, et al. (2024) Progesterone-driven B7-H4 contributes to onco-fetal immune tolerance. *Cell*, 187(17), 4713.

Li Q, et al. (2024) Human uterine natural killer cells regulate differentiation of extravillous trophoblast early in pregnancy. *Cell stem cell*, 31(2), 181.

Ruan D, et al. (2022) Human early syncytiotrophoblasts are highly susceptible to SARS-CoV-2 infection. *Cell reports. Medicine*, 3(12), 100849.

Bi Y, et al. (2022) Cell fate roadmap of human primed-to-naïve transition reveals preimplantation cell lineage signatures. *Nature communications*, 13(1), 3147.

Tan JP, et al. (2022) Establishment of human induced trophoblast stem cells via reprogramming of fibroblasts. *Nature protocols*, 17(12), 2739.