

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Aug 8, 2026

Phospho-NF-kappaB p65 (Ser536) (7F1) Mouse mAb

RRID:AB_331281

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

Cell Signaling Technology Cat# 3036, RRID:AB_331281

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_331281

Proper Citation: Cell Signaling Technology Cat# 3036, RRID:AB_331281

Target Antigen: Phospho-NF-kappaB p65 (Ser536) (7F1) Mouse mAb

Host Organism: mouse

Clonality: monoclonal

Comments: Applications: W

Antibody Name: Phospho-NF-kappaB p65 (Ser536) (7F1) Mouse mAb

Description: This monoclonal targets Phospho-NF-kappaB p65 (Ser536) (7F1) Mouse mAb

Target Organism: rat, h, m, mouse, r, mi, human, mk

Antibody ID: AB_331281

Vendor: Cell Signaling Technology

Catalog Number: 3036

Record Creation Time: 20250820T043535+0000

Record Last Update: 20250820T192340+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Phospho-NF-kappaB p65 (Ser536) (7F1) Mouse mAb.

No alerts have been found for Phospho-NF-kappaB p65 (Ser536) (7F1) Mouse mAb.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 5 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Kundu D, et al. (2025) Roles of metabotropic signaling of nicotine receptors in the development and maintenance of nicotine reward through regulation of dopamine D3 receptor expression. *Journal of neurochemistry*, 169(1), e16271.

Wang Q, et al. (2024) MIIP downregulation drives colorectal cancer progression through inducing peri-cancerous adipose tissue browning. *Cell & bioscience*, 14(1), 12.

Ma J, et al. (2024) CHCHD4-TRIAP1 regulation of innate immune signaling mediates skeletal muscle adaptation to exercise. *Cell reports*, 43(1), 113626.

He J, et al. (2021) Myeloid Fbxw7 Prevents Pulmonary Fibrosis by Suppressing TGF-?? Production. *Frontiers in immunology*, 12, 760138.

Chen C, et al. (2019) CKLF1 Aggravates Focal Cerebral Ischemia Injury at Early Stage Partly by Modulating Microglia/Macrophage Toward M1 Polarization Through CCR4. *Cellular and molecular neurobiology*, 39(5), 651.