

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Aug 9, 2026

TrkA Antibody

RRID:AB_561332

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

Cell Signaling Technology Cat# 2505, RRID:AB_561332

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_561332

Proper Citation: Cell Signaling Technology Cat# 2505, RRID:AB_561332

Target Antigen: TrkA

Host Organism: rabbit

Clonality: polyclonal

Comments: Applications: W. Consolidation on 11/2018: AB_10695253, AB_561332.

Antibody Name: TrkA Antibody

Description: This polyclonal targets TrkA

Target Organism: rat, h, m, mouse, r, human

Antibody ID: AB_561332

Vendor: Cell Signaling Technology

Catalog Number: 2505

Record Creation Time: 20250820T060447+0000

Record Last Update: 20250820T231441+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for TrkA Antibody.

No alerts have been found for TrkA Antibody.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 7 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Mannion J, et al. (2024) A RIPK1-specific PROTAC degrader achieves potent antitumor activity by enhancing immunogenic cell death. *Immunity*, 57(7), 1514.

Fazzari M, et al. (2024) GM1 Oligosaccharide Ameliorates Rett Syndrome Phenotypes In Vitro and In Vivo via Trk Receptor Activation. *International journal of molecular sciences*, 25(21).

Di Biase E, et al. (2020) GM1 Oligosaccharide Crosses the Human Blood-Brain Barrier In Vitro by a Paracellular Route. *International journal of molecular sciences*, 21(8).

Lunghi G, et al. (2020) Modulation of calcium signaling depends on the oligosaccharide of GM1 in Neuro2a mouse neuroblastoma cells. *Glycoconjugate journal*, 37(6), 713.

Di Biase E, et al. (2020) Gangliosides in the differentiation process of primary neurons: the specific role of GM1-oligosaccharide. *Glycoconjugate journal*, 37(3), 329.

Karkoulas G, et al. (2020) Sustained GRK2-dependent CREB activation is essential for ? 2-adrenergic receptor-induced PC12 neuronal differentiation. *Cellular signalling*, 66, 109446.

Mironets E, et al. (2018) Soluble TNF? Signaling within the Spinal Cord Contributes to the Development of Autonomic Dysreflexia and Ensuing Vascular and Immune Dysfunction after Spinal Cord Injury. *The Journal of neuroscience : the official journal of the Society for Neuroscience*, 38(17), 4146.