

# Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Aug 2, 2026

## Mouse Anti-HSP47 Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated, Clone M16.10A1

RRID:AB\_2039239

Type: Antibody

### Proper Citation

Enzo Life Sciences Cat# ADI-SPA-470-D, RRID:AB\_2039239

### Antibody Information

**URL:** [http://antibodyregistry.org/AB\\_2039239](http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_2039239)

**Proper Citation:** Enzo Life Sciences Cat# ADI-SPA-470-D, RRID:AB\_2039239

**Target Antigen:** HSP47

**Host Organism:** mouse

**Clonality:** monoclonal

**Comments:** manufacturer recommendations: Immunohistochemistry; Western Blot; Immunohistochemistry, Western blot

**Antibody Name:** Mouse Anti-HSP47 Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated, Clone M16.10A1

**Description:** This monoclonal targets HSP47

**Target Organism:** chicken, monkey, chickenavian, rat, hamster, simian, porcine, canine, pig, mouse, rabbit, bovine, human, sheep

**Clone ID:** Clone M16.10A1

**Antibody ID:** AB\_2039239

**Vendor:** Enzo Life Sciences

**Catalog Number:** ADI-SPA-470-D

**Record Creation Time:** 20250819T212735+0000

**Record Last Update:** 20250819T230209+0000

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## Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Mouse Anti-HSP47 Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated, Clone M16.10A1.

No alerts have been found for Mouse Anti-HSP47 Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated, Clone M16.10A1.

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## Data and Source Information

**Source:** [Antibody Registry](#)

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## Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 3 mentions in open access literature.

**Listed below are recent publications.** The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Zhang M, et al. (2025) Downregulation of HSP47 triggers ER stress-mediated apoptosis of hypertrophic chondrocytes contributing to T-2 toxin-induced cartilage damage. Environmental pollution (Barking, Essex : 1987), 368, 125640.

Saxena S, et al. (2024) Endoplasmic reticulum exit sites are segregated for secretion based on cargo size. Developmental cell, 59(19), 2593.

Hemanthakumar KA, et al. (2021) Cardiovascular disease risk factors induce mesenchymal features and senescence in mouse cardiac endothelial cells. eLife, 10.