Resource Summary Report

Generated by RRID on Jul 29, 2026

CD34 Monoclonal Antibody (RAM34), eBioscience

RRID:AB_467211
Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

(Thermo Fisher Scientific Cat# 14-0341-85, RRID:AB_467211)

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_467211

Proper Citation: (Thermo Fisher Scientific Cat# 14-0341-85, RRID:AB_467211)

Target Antigen: CD34

Host Organism: rat

Clonality: monoclonal

Comments: Applications: Flow, IHC-F, IHC-P
Consolidation on 1/2020: AB_467211, AB_10113693

Antibody Name: CD34 Monoclonal Antibody (RAM34), eBioscience

Description: This monoclonal targets CD34

Target Organism: mouse

Clone ID: Clone RAM34

Antibody ID: AB_467211

Vendor: Thermo Fisher Scientific

Catalog Number: 14-0341-85

Record Creation Time: 20251213T073304+0000

Record Last Update: 20260225T230440+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for CD34 Monoclonal Antibody (RAM34), eBioscience.

No alerts have been found for CD34 Monoclonal Antibody (RAM34), eBioscience.

Data and Source Information

Source: Antibody Registry

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 6 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at RRID .

Scott-Solomon E, et al. (2026) Stress-induced sympathetic hyperactivation drives hair follicle necrosis to trigger autoimmunity. Cell, 189(1), 252.

Chen H, et al. (2025) Intermittent fasting triggers interorgan communication to suppress hair follicle regeneration. Cell, 188(1), 157.

Nguyen MB, et al. (2024) Tenascin-C expressing touch dome keratinocytes exhibit characteristics of all epidermal lineages. Science advances, 10(3), eadi5791.

Arnold LL, et al. (2020) EphA7 promotes myogenic differentiation via cell-cell contact. eLife, 9.

Shwartz Y, et al. (2020) Cell Types Promoting Goosebumps Form a Niche to Regulate Hair Follicle Stem Cells. Cell, 182(3), 578.

Jiang TX, et al. (2019) Comparative regenerative biology of spiny (Acomys cahirinus) and laboratory (Mus musculus) mouse skin. Experimental dermatology, 28(4), 442.