

Resource Summary Report

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Monoclonal Anti-alpha-Actinin (Sarcomeric) antibody produced in mouse

RRID:AB_476766

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

Sigma-Aldrich Cat# A7811, RRID:AB_476766

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_476766

Proper Citation: Sigma-Aldrich Cat# A7811, RRID:AB_476766

Target Antigen: alpha-Actinin (Sarcomeric)

Host Organism: mouse

Clonality: monoclonal

Comments: Applications: ELISA, dot blot, immunoblot, immunohistochemistry, immunocytochemistry.

Antibody Name: Monoclonal Anti-alpha-Actinin (Sarcomeric) antibody produced in mouse

Description: This monoclonal targets alpha-Actinin (Sarcomeric)

Target Organism: chicken, feline, rat, hamster, porcine, snake, canine, goat, reptile, pig, mouse, frog, fish, rabbit, bovine, zebrafish, human, lizard, sheep

Clone ID: EA-53

Defining Citation: [PMID:20235162](#)

Antibody ID: AB_476766

Vendor: Sigma-Aldrich

Catalog Number: A7811

Record Creation Time: 20250820T000546+0000

Record Last Update: 20250820T072145+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Monoclonal Anti-alpha-Actinin (Sarcomeric) antibody produced in mouse.

No alerts have been found for Monoclonal Anti-alpha-Actinin (Sarcomeric) antibody produced in mouse.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 147 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Liu Y, et al. (2026) Human PSC-derived organoids model sympathetic ganglion development and its functional crosstalk with the heart. *Cell stem cell*, 33(1), 29.

Mohammadi N, et al. (2025) Sympathetic neurons can modify the intrinsic structural and functional properties of human pluripotent stem cell-derived cardiomyocytes. *The Journal of physiology*, 603(7), 2089.

Eggertsen TG, et al. (2025) Logic-based machine learning predicts how escitalopram attenuates cardiomyocyte hypertrophy. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, 122(10), e2420499122.

Wang Y, et al. (2025) Injectable hydrogel with miR-222-engineered extracellular vesicles ameliorates myocardial ischemic reperfusion injury via mechanotransduction. *Cell reports. Medicine*, 6(3), 101987.

Kaltenecker D, et al. (2025) Functional liver genomics identifies hepatokines promoting wasting in cancer cachexia. *Cell*, 188(17), 4549.

Wang W, et al. (2025) Zbtb16 determines the fate plasticity of cardiovascular progenitors through IGF2BP3-mediated mRNA stabilization. *Cell reports*, 44(8), 116127.

Raabe J, et al. (2025) Generation of a biallelic NRAP-knockout mutant from a human iPSC line. *Stem cell research*, 88, 103829.

Tanaka S, et al. (2025) Fatty acid metabolism suppresses neonatal cardiomyocyte proliferation by increasing PDK4 and HMGCS2 expression through PPAR γ . *PloS one*, 20(5), e0318178.

Zhou F, et al. (2025) Stabilisation of PRCP by deubiquitinase-targeting chimera (DUBTAC) to replenish autophagy for ameliorating pathological cardiac hypertrophy. *British journal of pharmacology*.

Lin S, et al. (2025) Rbpms2 prevents major cardiac defects in cardiomyocyte-specific Rbpms-deficient mice. *Developmental cell*.

Durdu S, et al. (2025) Chromatin-dependent motif syntax defines differentiation trajectories. *Molecular cell*, 85(15), 2900.

Valencia DA, et al. (2025) Human formin FHOD3-mediated actin elongation is required for sarcomere integrity in cardiomyocytes. *eLife*, 13.

Feeney AK, et al. (2025) Enhancing human pluripotent stem cell differentiation to cardiomyocytes through cardiac progenitor reseeded and cryopreservation. *iScience*, 28(5), 112452.

Swift SK, et al. (2024) A broadly applicable method for quantifying cardiomyocyte cell division identifies proliferative events following myocardial infarction. *Cell reports methods*, 4(9), 100860.

Ugorets V, et al. (2024) Dynamic remodeling of septin structures fine-tunes myogenic differentiation. *iScience*, 27(9), 110630.

Syed Ali G, et al. (2024) Generation of a heterozygous Calsequestrin 2 F189L iPSC line (UMGi158-B) by CRISPR/Cas9 genome editing to investigate the cardiac pathophysiology of Takotsubo Syndrome and Catecholaminergic Polymorphic Ventricular Tachycardia. *Stem cell research*, 81, 103538.

Schreiber MK, et al. (2024) Generation of Pelizaeus-Merzbacher disease (PMD) mutant (PLP1-C33Y) in induced pluripotent stem cell (iPSC) by CRISPR/Cas9 genome editing. *Stem cell research*, 74, 103276.

Duboscq-Bidot L, et al. (2024) Generation of CRISPR-Cas9 edited human induced pluripotent stem cell line carrying BAG3 V468M mutation in its BAG domain. *Stem cell research*, 74, 103294.

Busley AV, et al. (2024) Mutation-induced LZTR1 polymerization provokes cardiac pathology in recessive Noonan syndrome. *Cell reports*, 43(7), 114448.

Pierre B, et al. (2024) Generation of CRISPR/Cas9 edited human induced pluripotent stem cell line carrying the heterozygous p.H695VfsX5 frameshift mutation in the exon 10 of the PKP2 gene. *Stem cell research*, 76, 103341.