

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Aug 18, 2026

p159 pPr-luc

RRID:Addgene_8392

Type: Plasmid

Proper Citation

RRID:Addgene_8392

Plasmid Information

URL: <http://www.addgene.org/8392>

Proper Citation: RRID:Addgene_8392

Insert Name: probasin promoter

Organism: Rattus norvegicus

Bacterial Resistance: Ampicillin

Defining Citation: [PMID:11410679](#)

Vector Backbone Description: Backbone Size:4818; Vector Backbone:pGL3-Basic; Vector Types:Mammalian Expression, Luciferase; Bacterial Resistance:Ampicillin

Comments: Probasin-luciferase reporter construct.

Plasmid Name: p159 pPr-luc

Record Creation Time: 20220422T222542+0000

Record Last Update: 20260815T082109+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for p159 pPr-luc.

No alerts have been found for p159 pPr-luc.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Addgene](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 8 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Kato Y, et al. (2017) Canine REIC/Dkk-3 interacts with SGTA and restores androgen receptor signalling in androgen-independent prostate cancer cell lines. BMC veterinary research, 13(1), 170.

Azakami D, et al. (2017) The canine prostate cancer cell line CHP-1 shows over-expression of the co-chaperone small glutamine-rich tetratricopeptide repeat-containing protein ?. Veterinary and comparative oncology, 15(2), 557.

Ochiai K, et al. (2016) Tumor suppressor REIC/DKK-3 and co-chaperone SGTA: Their interaction and roles in the androgen sensitivity. Oncotarget, 7(3), 3283.

Kato Y, et al. (2015) Molecular cloning of canine co-chaperone small glutamine-rich tetratricopeptide repeat-containing protein ? (SGTA) and investigation of its ability to suppress androgen receptor signalling in androgen-independent prostate cancer. Veterinary journal (London, England : 1997), 206(2), 143.

Hong MK, et al. (2015) Tracking the origins and drivers of subclonal metastatic expansion in prostate cancer. Nature communications, 6, 6605.

Lin Y, et al. (2013) Androgen receptor primes prostate cancer cells to apoptosis through down-regulation of basal p21 expression. Biochemical and biophysical research communications, 430(1), 289.

La Montagna R, et al. (2012) Androgen receptor serine 81 mediates Pin1 interaction and activity. Cell cycle (Georgetown, Tex.), 11(18), 3415.

Sheppard RL, et al. (2011) Androgen receptor polyglutamine repeat length affects receptor activity and C2C12 cell development. Physiological genomics, 43(20), 1135.