

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Aug 6, 2026

GLOBOCAN

RRID:SCR_012750

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

GLOBOCAN (RRID:SCR_012750)

Resource Information

URL: <http://globocan.iarc.fr/Default.aspx>

Proper Citation: GLOBOCAN (RRID:SCR_012750)

Description: The aim of the project is to provide contemporary estimates of the incidence of, mortality and prevalence from major types of cancer, at national level, for 184 countries of the world. The GLOBOCAN estimates are presented for 2012, separately for each sex. 1-, 3- and 5-year prevalence data are available for the adult population only (ages 15 and over). Please note that: These estimates are based on the most recent data available at IARC and on information publically available on the Internet, but more recent figures may be available directly from local sources. Because the sources of data are continuously improving in quality and extent, estimates may not be truly comparable overtime and care should be taken when comparing these estimates with those published earlier. The observed differences may be the result of a change in the methodology and should not be interpreted as a time trend effect.

Resource Type: data or information resource, data set

Related Condition: Aging

Resource Name: GLOBOCAN

Resource ID: SCR_012750

Alternate IDs: nlx_156894

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080312+0000

Record Last Update: 20260806T054549+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for GLOBOCAN.

No alerts have been found for GLOBOCAN.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 493 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Rumgay H, et al. (2026) Global incidence of lip, oral cavity, and pharyngeal cancers by subsite in 2022. CA: a cancer journal for clinicians, 76(1).

Mousavi SE, et al. (2025) Epidemiology and socioeconomic correlates of gastric cancer in Asia: results from the GLOBOCAN 2020 data and projections from 2020 to 2040. Scientific reports, 15(1), 6529.

Espinoza-Ferrao S, et al. (2025) Global analysis of actionable genomic alterations in thyroid cancer and precision-based pharmacogenomic strategies. Frontiers in pharmacology, 16, 1524623.

Li Y, et al. (2025) Global variations and socioeconomic inequalities in lifetime risk of lip, oral cavity, and pharyngeal cancer: a population-based systematic analysis of GLOBOCAN 2022. International journal of surgery (London, England), 111(6), 3698.

Jang W, et al. (2025) Global, Regional, and National Burden of Pharyngeal Cancer and Projections to 2050 in 185 Countries: A Population-Based Systematic Analysis of GLOBOCAN 2022. Journal of Korean medical science, 40(30), e177.

Huang J, et al. (2025) Global incidence, risk factors, and temporal trends of nasal cancer: A population-based analysis. Cancer medicine, 14(8), e70163.

Berrington de Gonzalez A, et al. (2025) Trends in cancer incidence in younger and older adults: an international comparative analysis. medRxiv : the preprint server for health sciences.

Sun KX, et al. (2025) Global patterns and trends in cancer-related premature death and their impact on life expectancy across 185 countries: a population-based analysis. Military Medical Research, 12(1), 56.

?ahin ÇE, et al. (2025) Cost effectiveness of female HPV vaccines for routine childhood immunisation schedule in Türkiye. BMC public health, 25(1), 3561.

Leite LF, et al. (2025) Cancer Incidence and Mortality Estimates in Latin America and the Caribbean: A Systematic Analysis of the GLOBOCAN 2022. Cancer research communications, 5(12), 2236.

Vo TQN, et al. (2025) Diagnostic performances of the Ovarian Adnexal Reporting and Data System, the Risk of Ovarian Malignancy Algorithm, and the Copenhagen Index in the

preoperative prediction of ovarian cancer: a prospective cohort study. *Journal of gynecologic oncology*, 36(2), e30.

Weller S, et al. (2025) Assessing the Rise in Papillary Thyroid Cancer Incidence: A 38-Year Australian Study Investigating WHO Classification Influence. *Journal of epidemiology and global health*, 15(1), 9.

Alessy SA, et al. (2025) Burden of five major types of gastrointestinal cancer in the Eastern Mediterranean Region. *BMJ open gastroenterology*, 12(1).

Seum T, et al. (2025) Risk-Adapted Starting Ages of Colorectal Cancer Screening for People With Diabetes or Metabolic Syndrome. *Alimentary pharmacology & therapeutics*, 61(4), 675.

Pintican R, et al. (2025) COVID-19 pandemic resulted in more metastatic breast cancer cases at diagnosis. *Scientific reports*, 15(1), 29296.

Chakravarty S, et al. (2025) Mathematical bridge between epidemiological and molecular data on cancer and beyond. *PloS one*, 20(7), e0328401.

Aboelkhir HAB, et al. (2025) Diagnosis Challenges in Adult Leukemia: Insights From a Single-Center Retrospective Study in Qatar (2016-2021). *Cancer control : journal of the Moffitt Cancer Center*, 32, 10732748241275026.

Wilson BE, et al. (2025) Analysis of 2023 World Health Organization cancer Essential Medicines List and concordance with resource-stratified guidelines. *Journal of the National Cancer Institute*, 117(10), 2010.

Zhang J, et al. (2025) HPV cancer burden by anatomical site, country, and region in 2022. *Scientific reports*, 15(1), 21048.

Liao L, et al. (2025) Inequality in breast cancer: Global statistics from 2022 to 2050. *Breast (Edinburgh, Scotland)*, 79, 103851.