

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Aug 5, 2026

Brain Maps

RRID:SCR_017314

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

Brain Maps (RRID:SCR_017314)

Resource Information

URL: <http://larryswanson.com/>

Proper Citation: Brain Maps (RRID:SCR_017314)

Description: Atlas with global nervous system nomenclature ontology and flatmaps for structure of rat brain. Open access resource for neuroscience community.

Synonyms: Brain maps 4.0, Brain maps

Resource Type: atlas, data or information resource

Defining Citation: [PMID:29277900](#)

Keywords: atlas, nervous, system, nomenclature, ontology, flatmap, structure, brain, rat

Availability: Free, Freely available

Resource Name: Brain Maps

Resource ID: SCR_017314

License: Creative Commons BY-NC 4.0 license

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080334+0000

Record Last Update: 20260805T044410+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Brain Maps.

No alerts have been found for Brain Maps.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 3 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Edwards MM, et al. (2024) Sympathetic innervation of interscapular brown adipose tissue is not a predominant mediator of Oxytocin (OT)-elicited reductions of body weight gain and adiposity in male diet-induced obese rats. *Frontiers in drug delivery*, 4.

Navarro VI, et al. (2024) Chemoarchitectural studies of the rat hypothalamus and zona incerta. Chemopleth 1.0 - A downloadable interactive Brain Maps spatial database of five co-visualizable neurochemical systems, with novel feature- and grid-based mapping tools. *bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology*.

Edwards MM, et al. (2024) Sympathetic innervation of interscapular brown adipose tissue is not a predominant mediator of OT-elicited reductions of body weight gain and adiposity in male diet-induced obese rats. *bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology*.