

Resource Summary Report

Generated by RRID on Sep 10, 2026

Polycystic Kidney Disease Research Resource Consortium

RRID:SCR_022033

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

Polycystic Kidney Disease Research Resource Consortium (RRID:SCR_022033)

Resource Information

URL: <https://www.pkd-rrc.org>

Proper Citation: Polycystic Kidney Disease Research Resource Consortium (RRID:SCR_022033)

Description: Consortium develops and shares investigative resources, reagents and expertise with broader research community to accelerate innovation and discovery in field of polycystic kidney disease. Provides assistance with protocols and trouble shooting. Provides funding opportunities.

Abbreviations: PKD RRC

Resource Type: consortium, data or information resource, funding resource, organization portal, portal

Keywords: NIDDK, polycystic kidney disease, innovation and discovery, protocols, trouble shooting, funding

Related Condition: polycystic kidney disease

Funding: National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases

Availability: Free, Freely available

Resource Name: Polycystic Kidney Disease Research Resource Consortium

Resource ID: SCR_022033

Record Creation Time: 20220421T050138+0000

Record Last Update: 20260905T132949+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Polycystic Kidney Disease Research Resource Consortium.

No alerts have been found for Polycystic Kidney Disease Research Resource Consortium.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 7 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Yi CJ, et al. (2025) Depressive Symptoms in Adults with Autosomal Dominant Polycystic Kidney Disease. *Kidney360*, 6(4), 561.

Kimura LF, et al. (2025) Molecular pathology and cystogenic propensity of the ADPKD Taiwan founder variant. *JCI insight*, 10(21).

Bachmann-Gagescu R, et al. (2025) Tackling ciliary specialization to understand phenotypic variability in human primary ciliopathies. *Journal of cell science*, 138(20).

Shetty A, et al. (2024) Characterizing the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic on adults with autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease: a cross-sectional study. *BMC nephrology*, 25(1), 269.

Clerici S, et al. (2024) Inhibition of asparagine synthetase effectively retards polycystic kidney disease progression. *EMBO molecular medicine*, 16(6), 1379.

Shetty A, et al. (2024) Characterizing the Impact of the Covid-19 Pandemic on Adults with Autosomal Dominant Polycystic Kidney Disease: A Cross-Sectional Study. *Research square*.

Lin CC, et al. (2023) In vivo Polycystin-1 interactome using a novel Pkd1 knock-in mouse model. *PloS one*, 18(8), e0289778.