

Resource Summary Report

Generated by RRID on Aug 4, 2026

NCI Division of Cancer Control and Population Sciences SEER-Medicare Linked Data Resource

RRID:SCR_025811

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

NCI Division of Cancer Control and Population Sciences SEER-Medicare Linked Data Resource (RRID:SCR_025811)

Resource Information

URL: <https://healthcaredelivery.cancer.gov/seermedicare/>

Proper Citation: NCI Division of Cancer Control and Population Sciences SEER-Medicare Linked Data Resource (RRID:SCR_025811)

Description: Portal to reflect the linkage of two large population based sources of data that provide detailed information about Medicare beneficiaries with cancer.

Synonyms: SEER-Medicare Linked Data Resource

Resource Type: topical portal, data or information resource, portal, disease-related portal

Keywords: NCI, Medicare beneficiaries with cancer, Medicare beneficiaries data, cancer data,

Related Condition: cancer

Availability: Free, Freely available,

Resource Name: NCI Division of Cancer Control and Population Sciences SEER-Medicare Linked Data Resource

Resource ID: SCR_025811

Record Creation Time: 20240928T053310+0000

Record Last Update: 20260804T043912+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for NCI Division of Cancer Control and Population Sciences SEER-Medicare Linked Data Resource.

No alerts have been found for NCI Division of Cancer Control and Population Sciences SEER-Medicare Linked Data Resource.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 7 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Petermann VM, et al. (2025) The Role of Rurality, Travel Time, and Neighborhood Socioeconomics on Patterns of Adjuvant Therapy Receipt among Patients with Endometrial Cancer. Cancer epidemiology, biomarkers & prevention : a publication of the American Association for Cancer Research, cosponsored by the American Society of Preventive Oncology, 34(8), 1277.

Hamid SA, et al. (2025) Mediators of Racial Inequities in Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Care. Cancer medicine, 14(5), e70757.

Allen JM, et al. (2025) Racial Disparities in Analgesic and Psychiatric Medication Use During End-Of-Life Care in Advanced-Stage Colorectal Cancer: A Retrospective Cohort Study. Cancer research communications, 5(7), 1095.

Zhou B, et al. (2025) Treatment Landscape for Older Men With Metastatic Hormone-Sensitive Prostate Cancer in the United States. Cancer medicine, 14(17), e71176.

Singh A, et al. (2025) Risk Factors beyond Chemotherapy Exposure for Secondary Myeloid Neoplasms after Hematologic Cancers: A SEER-Based Study. Cancer research communications, 5(12), 2149.

Liu K, et al. (2025) The Risk of Type 2 Diabetes among Older Asian, Native Hawaiian, and Pacific Islander Colorectal Cancer Survivors: A Population-Based Study Using the SEER-Medicare Database. Cancer epidemiology, biomarkers & prevention : a publication of the American Association for Cancer Research, cosponsored by the American Society of Preventive Oncology, 34(6), 998.

Duchesneau ED, et al. (2024) Longitudinal trajectories of a claims-based frailty measure during adjuvant chemotherapy in women with stage I-III breast cancer. The oncologist, 29(10), e1291.