

Resource Summary Report

Generated by RRID on Aug 8, 2026

Montana State University Animal Resources Center Core Facility

RRID:SCR_026351

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

Montana State University Animal Resources Center Core Facility (RRID:SCR_026351)

Resource Information

URL: <https://www.montana.edu/animalresources/>

Proper Citation: Montana State University Animal Resources Center Core Facility (RRID:SCR_026351)

Description: AAALAC approved animal research facility to study diverse number of animal species. Core maintains animal housing rooms, observation rooms, and procedure rooms at BSL 1 and 2 containment levels. The ARC is supported by certified veterinarians and animal care technicians who provide technical support and veterinary care.

Abbreviations: ARC

Synonyms: Montana State University - Animal Resources Center

Resource Type: core facility, access service resource, organism supplier, biomaterial supply resource, material resource, service resource

Keywords: ABRF, animal research facility, animal housing rooms, observation rooms, procedure rooms, technical support and veterinary care,

Resource Name: Montana State University Animal Resources Center Core Facility

Resource ID: SCR_026351

Alternate IDs: ABRF_3016

Alternate URLs: <https://coremarketplace.org/?FacilityID=3016&citation=1>

Record Creation Time: 20250129T053338+0000

Record Last Update: 20260808T190742+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Montana State University Animal Resources Center Core Facility.

No alerts have been found for Montana State University Animal Resources Center Core Facility.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 3 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Hasskamp H, et al. (2026) Bone microarchitecture and material properties decline differently across midlife for male and female F344 ?? BN F1 rats. bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology.

Wang L, et al. (2026) Technical and biological factors driving inter-individual body burden of arsenic species in murine models of human arsenic exposure. Toxicological sciences : an official journal of the Society of Toxicology, 209(6).

Abbott MJ, et al. (2025) Orthobunyavirus neurovirulence is a complex trait involving all three genome segments. bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology.