

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Aug 8, 2026

DataSift

RRID:SCR_010708

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

DataSift (RRID:SCR_010708)

Resource Information

URL: <http://datasift.net/>

Proper Citation: DataSift (RRID:SCR_010708)

Description: A portal that allows users to track specific words, phrases or nearby relationships from social media sources including Twitter, Digg and others. Datasift aggregates, filters, records, and analyzes real-time data from a variety of social sources using our Curation Stream Definition Language (CSDL) allowing customers to curate their own news.

Synonyms: TweetMeme

Resource Type: commercial organization, software resource

Resource Name: DataSift

Resource ID: SCR_010708

Alternate IDs: nlx_86821

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080300+0000

Record Last Update: 20260805T044248+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for DataSift.

No alerts have been found for DataSift.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 4 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Pereira-Sanchez V, et al. (2019) Exploring the Extent of the Hikikomori Phenomenon on Twitter: Mixed Methods Study of Western Language Tweets. Journal of medical Internet research, 21(5), e14167.

Rezaallah B, et al. (2019) Social Media Surveillance of Multiple Sclerosis Medications Used During Pregnancy and Breastfeeding: Content Analysis. Journal of medical Internet research, 21(8), e13003.

Sinha MS, et al. (2018) Social Media Impact of the Food and Drug Administration's Drug Safety Communication Messaging About Zolpidem: Mixed-Methods Analysis. JMIR public health and surveillance, 4(1), e1.

Hawkins JB, et al. (2016) Measuring patient-perceived quality of care in US hospitals using Twitter. BMJ quality & safety, 25(6), 404.