

Resource Summary Report

Generated by RRID on Aug 2, 2026

University of Calgary; Alberta; Canada

RRID:SCR_011616

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

University of Calgary; Alberta; Canada (RRID:SCR_011616)

Resource Information

URL: <http://www.ucalgary.ca/>

Proper Citation: University of Calgary; Alberta; Canada (RRID:SCR_011616)

Description: UCalgary offers diverse educational and research experiences for Canadian and International students, with top undergraduate and graduate programs.

Synonyms: University of Calgary

Resource Type: university

Resource Name: University of Calgary; Alberta; Canada

Resource ID: SCR_011616

Alternate IDs: Wikidata:Q1067471, ISNI:0000 0004 1936 7697, Crossref funder ID:100008459, nlx_97004, grid.22072.35

Alternate URLs: <https://ror.org/03yjb2x39>

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080305+0000

Record Last Update: 20260801T190430+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for University of Calgary; Alberta; Canada.

No alerts have been found for University of Calgary; Alberta; Canada.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 5 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Wiebe N, et al. (2024) Long-term clinical outcomes of bariatric surgery in adults with severe obesity: A population-based retrospective cohort study. PloS one, 19(6), e0298402.

Lentz DL, et al. (2024) Psychoactive and other ceremonial plants from a 2,000-year-old Maya ritual deposit at Yaxnohcah, Mexico. PloS one, 19(4), e0301497.

Jakes AF, et al. (2020) Multi-scale habitat assessment of pronghorn migration routes. PloS one, 15(12), e0241042.

Dow N, et al. (2015) Genetic Variability of Bovine Viral Diarrhea Virus and Evidence for a Possible Genetic Bottleneck during Vertical Transmission in Persistently Infected Cattle. PloS one, 10(7), e0131972.

Poor EE, et al. (2012) Comparing habitat suitability and connectivity modeling methods for conserving pronghorn migrations. PloS one, 7(11), e49390.