

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [RRID](#) on Jul 30, 2026

[w\[1118\]; P{y\[+t7.7\] w\[+mC\]=GMR52A06-GAL4}attP2](#)

RRID:BDSC_38810

Type: Organism

Proper Citation

RRID:BDSC_38810

Organism Information

URL: <https://n2t.net/bdsc:38810>

Proper Citation: RRID:BDSC_38810

Description: Drosophila melanogaster with name w[1118]; P{y[+t7.7] w[+mC]=GMR52A06-GAL4}attP2 from BDSC.

Species: Drosophila melanogaster

Notes: See https://bdsc.indiana.edu/stocks/gal4/gal4_janelia_info.html for important information. Donor: Gerald M. Rubin, Howard Hughes Medical Institute, Janelia Research Campus

Affected Gene: cdi, GAL4, w

Genomic Alteration: Chromosome 1, Chromosome 3

Catalog Number: 38810

Database: Bloomington Drosophila Stock Center (BDSC)

Database Abbreviation: BDSC

Availability: available

Alternate IDs: BDSC_38810, BL38810

Organism Name: w[1118]; P{y[+t7.7] w[+mC]=GMR52A06-GAL4}attP2

Record Creation Time: 20240911T222634+0000

Record Last Update: 20260725T195406+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for w[1118]; P{y[+t7.7] w[+mC]=GMR52A06-GAL4}attP2.

No alerts have been found for w[1118]; P{y[+t7.7] w[+mC]=GMR52A06-GAL4}attP2.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Integrated Animals](#)

Source Database: Bloomington Drosophila Stock Center (BDSC)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 4 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [RRID](#) .

Jones JM, et al. (2025) Ascending nociceptive pathways drive rapid escape and sustained avoidance in adult Drosophila. bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology.

Eichler K, et al. (2024) Somatotopic organization among parallel sensory pathways that promote a grooming sequence in Drosophila. eLife, 12.

Eichler K, et al. (2023) Somatotopic organization among parallel sensory pathways that promote a grooming sequence in Drosophila. bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology.

Zhang N, et al. (2020) Spatial Comparisons of Mechanosensory Information Govern the Grooming Sequence in Drosophila. Current biology : CB, 30(6), 988.